First and higher-order necessary conditions for an impulsive optimal control problem with final state constraints by María Soledad Aronna (joint work with Franco Rampazzo)

We consider control systems governed by nonlinear O.D.E.s of the form:

$$\dot{x}(t) = f(x(t), u(t), v(t)) + \sum_{\alpha=1}^{m} g_{\alpha}(x(t), u(t)) \dot{u}_{\alpha}(t), \quad \text{for } t \in [0, T],$$

where $x : [0,T] \to \mathbb{R}^n$ is the state variable, $u : [0,T] \to \mathbb{R}^m$ is the impulsive control and $v : [0,T] \to \mathbb{R}^l$ is the ordinary control. Since we assume the commutativity hypothesis

$$[g_{\alpha}, g_{\beta}] = 0, \quad \forall \ \alpha, \beta,$$

we can allow u to be of class L^1 , which of course gives the system an impulsive character. For these control systems, we consider optimization problems in the Mayer form and with final state constraints.

We prove (see [2]) that the problem with integrable u provides a "proper extension" of the standard problem with absolutely continuous controls u and, furthermore, we show that the impulsive problem can be regarded as a variational limit of problems corresponding to controls u with bounded variation.

Finally, we establish (see [1]) a maximum principle and higher-order necessary conditions in terms of the adjoint state and some Lie brackets of the involved vector fields, the latter including an impulsive version of the generalized Legendre-Clebsch second order condition.

References

- M.S. Aronna and F. Rampazzo. Necessary conditions involving Lie brackets for impulsive optimal control problems; the commutative case. 2012. [Published online as arXiv:1210.4532].
- [2] M.S. Aronna and F. Rampazzo. On optimal control problems with impulsive commutative dynamics. 2013. [submitted].